



westgrove
clinic SPRUCE
GROVE

#201-505 Queen Street, Spruce Grove, AB T7X 2V2

Ph: (780) 962-9888 F: (780) 960-5298

NO SCALPEL VASECTOMY

SIX REASONS TO HAVE A VASECTOMY:

1. You do not want to have more children.
2. You want to enjoy sex without worrying about pregnancy.
3. Your partner has health problems that might make pregnancy difficult.
4. You do not want to risk passing on a hereditary disease or disability.
5. You and your partner do not want to or cannot use other kinds of birth control.
6. You want to save your partner from the surgery involved in having her tubes closed.

HOW CAN I BE SURE A VASECTOMY IS RIGHT FOR ME?

Be sure that you do not want to father a child under any circumstances. Talk to your partner. It is a good idea to make the decision together. Consider other kinds of birth control and talk to a friend or relative who has had a vasectomy. Think about how you would feel if your partner had an unplanned pregnancy. A vasectomy might not be right for you if you are very young, your current relationship is not stable, you are having a vasectomy just to please your partner, you are under a lot of stress or you are counting on being able to reverse the procedure later.

HOW DOES A VASECTOMY PREVENT PREGNANCY?

Sperm are made in a man's testes and travel through the two tubes in the scrotum (vas deferens) and empty into two small storage sacs (seminal vesicles) near the prostate. It is from these sacs that the sperm are released, mixed with fluid from the prostate and are ejaculated during climax. In a vasectomy, the tubes (vas deferens) are blocked so the sperm no longer travel to the storage sacs. These sacs soon run out of sperm and once they are empty a man cannot make his partner pregnant. This generally takes between three to six months.

WHAT DOES THE PROCEDURE INVOLVE?

In a no scalpel vasectomy, a local anesthetic (Lidocaine) is injected into the skin to numb it. This is on the front of the scrotum on the midline. The anesthetic is also placed beside each tube (vas deferens) so they become numb as well. A small (less than 1 cm) puncture is made with a surgical instrument in the previously numbed skin. The doctor then feels for one tube under the skin and holds it in place with a small clamp. The sheath is then removed from around the tube and two ties are tied tightly around the tube. This prevents sperm from passing through

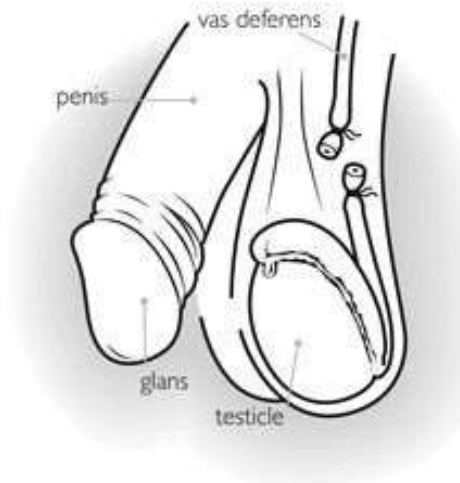


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the middle of the tube. Following this, the tube is cut between the ties. Finally, the ends of the vas deferens are cauterized (burnt with a small cautery device). This procedure is then repeated on the other side. Often, but not always, the same skin incision can be used for both tubes. There is very little bleeding with the “no scalpel” technique and no stitches are needed to close the tiny opening in the skin which heals quickly, with minimal scarring.



The no scalpel vasectomy technique was developed by a surgeon in China in 1974 and has been used in over 15 million men through China since then. The technique was introduced in North America in 1988 and into Edmonton in 1993.

HOW MUCH PAIN OR DISCOMFORT WILL I HAVE?

Most men state that the only discomfort they felt was when the local anesthetic was being put in. This takes a few seconds. After this there should be no pain. Once the procedure is complete and the anesthetic wears off over the next hour or two, there may be some mild aching felt over the next several days. You will be given an anti-inflammatory medication, Naproxen, to take prior to and after the procedure as needed. Most men only need Tylenol or Advil/Motrin/Ibuprophen occasionally.

WHAT COMPLICATIONS CAN OCCUR?

EPIDIDYMITIS – a tender inflammation around the testes that may occur after four or five days.

Treatment: Anti-inflammatory medication. Usually subsides within a few days.



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BLEEDING – from the skin incision.

Treatment: controlled with direct pressure.

INFECTION – of the scrotum.

Treatment: Be seen right away if you have this concern. This is treated with an antibiotic or other treatment.

SPERM GRANULOMA – a tender knot in the scrotum where sperm has leaked out of the vas deferens. Avoiding ejaculation during the first week after a vasectomy usually averts this problem but it can occur at later times as well.

Treatment: usually no treatment is required as this resolves spontaneously over time.

SCROTAL HEMATOMA – can be a large collection of blood inside the scrotum where a blood vessel has continued to leak. Swelling in the scrotum would occur within 48 hours after a vasectomy.

Treatment: requires immediate treatment and possible surgery to stop the bleeding. Please go to the University of Alberta Hospital or Royal Alexandra Hospital ER if you are concerned that you have this complication.

ALLERGIC REACTIONS – or other unusual reaction to anesthetics or medications can occur even without a history of drug allergies. These reactions are very rare.

Treatment: medication.

SENSITIVE SCAR OR NEUROMA – may form along the vas at the site of vasectomy.

Treatment: rarely bothersome enough to require injection with medication or surgical removal. However, sometimes anti-inflammatories may be used or rarely surgical removal is indicated.

POST-VASECTOMY PAIN SYNDROME – A feeling of fullness from sperm congestion occurs in up to 6 percent of men after a vasectomy. This is due to stretching of the surface of the testicle (epididymis) from stored sperm cells.

Treatment: The full sensation usually resolves after a few weeks and requires no treatment, but a very small number of men may develop chronic pain which might require vasectomy reversal or other surgery.

Overall the rate of complications with conventional vasectomy is 31 per 1000 cases and with “no scalpel” vasectomy technique are approximately 4 per 1000 cases.



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HOW SOON CAN I GO BACK TO WORK?

I would recommend a minimum of 3 days off work for people who work at sedentary jobs, such as office work etc. For those who perform some minor physical work, including standing, walking, lifting, I would recommend 4 to 5 days off work. Men who perform heavy physical labor should take 7 days off work.

WILL A VASECTOMY CHANGE ME SEXUALLY?

The only thing that will change is that you will not be able to make your partner pregnant. Your body will continue to produce the hormones that make you a man. A vasectomy will not change your beard, muscles, sex drive, voice, erections, ejaculate or climaxes. Some men say that without the worry of accidental pregnancy and the bother of other birth control methods, sex is more relaxed and enjoyable than before.

WILL I BE STERILE RIGHT AWAY?

NO. After a vasectomy there are always some active sperm left in the storage sacs (seminal vesicles). It takes between three to six months to empty them. You and your partner should use some other form of birth control until your tests show that your semen are completely gone. This test is usually done after three months. It may need to be repeated if there are still sperm present.

WHEN CAN I START HAVING SEX AGAIN?

It is recommended that you wait one week after your vasectomy to resume sexual activity. Remember to use some kind of birth control until your semen test shows that you are sterile (no sperm).

DOES A VASECTOMY CAUSE ANY MEDICAL PROBLEMS?

Vasectomy has been used since the early 1900's and over 15 million men in North America have undergone the procedure. There have been no long-term adverse effects associated with vasectomy. There have been over 8 very large well-run studies and none of them have found any links to cancer, heart disease, etc.



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DOES A VASECTOMY EVER FAIL?

The odds of a primary surgical failure are 0.2-5%. Once you have brought in your semen sample and there is no sperm, or very few non-motile sperm seen, it is very unlikely that failure or pregnancy will occur. Several studies have looked at this question and have found that the odds of a delayed vasectomy failure (failure after a negative semen test) is approximately 1/2000 (0.05%).

CAN A VASECTOMY BE REVERSED?

Yes, this can be done with the use of microscopic surgery and a skilled and experienced surgeon. This usually requires a day procedure in hospital. The success rate is variable with 40 to 70 % being quoted as the success rate upon completion of surgery. A vasectomy should be considered a permanent operation.

WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS OF NO SCALPEL VASECTOMY VS A TRADITIONAL TECHNIQUE VASECTOMY?

Doctors and patients report that:

- ◆ There is less tissue injury, less bleeding and fewer complications.
- ◆ Less risk of infection.
- ◆ Less discomfort during and after the procedure.
- ◆ Procedure is faster and recovery time shorter
- ◆ There are no stitches in the skin.

IS NO SCALPEL TECHNIQUE EASIER TO REVERSE THAT THE INCISION TECHNIQUE?

No, it is not any easier to reverse than any other vasectomy procedure. All vasectomies should be considered permanent. If you are thinking about reversal, perhaps a vasectomy is not the right procedure for you.

CAN I STORE MY SPERM FOR FUTURE USE?

Yes, there is the availability in the Edmonton area to have sperm stored. If you wish to look into this, please discuss it with your physician. Please note that this is very expensive.



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PREOPERATIVE VASECTOMY INSTRUCTIONS

- ◆ On the night before surgery, **shave the scrotal area**. This includes the front and sides of the scrotum, as well as all the hair around the penis and for an inch above the penis. On the morning of the surgery, shower and wash the scrotal area with soap and water.
- ◆ **Do not eat for two hours prior to surgery**. A few men may feel queasy during the procedure but this is lessened if there is no food in the stomach.
- ◆ **Wear supportive underwear for the first seven days**. A regular pair of jockey or brief underwear will be sufficient. Please do not wear loose, baggy boxers.
- ◆ **Avoid taking Aspirin** a week before and a week after the procedure as this may cause excessive bleeding and bruising. Acetaminophen (Tylenol) or Ibuprofen (Motrin or Advil) is an acceptable analgesic to use.
- ◆ **Take a Naproxen two hours prior to the procedure**. Naproxen should be taken with food so please have a snack at the same time. This is optional so you do not have to take it if you do not want to. If you are very nervous about the procedure, there is the option of taking Ativan as well prior to the procedure. Please discuss this with me if you think you may want this.
- ◆ Please call the office if you have any questions.
- ◆ If you need to cancel or change your vasectomy appointment, please give us as much notice as possible. **You will be charged a \$100 “no show fee” if you cancel your vasectomy appointment with less than 24 hours notice.**